



Lesson C

Classification



Science



Literacy and Language

Aims:



- To understand the meaning of classifying animals into groups.
- To identify the five different vertebrate groups.



- To recognise the Chinese characters for bear, cat, small, big and the word for giant panda.

Suggested Learning Framework:

- Using the **RZSS Chinese Animal Fact Files**, ask the pupils to identify differences between mammals, birds, reptiles, amphibians and fish.
- Using a simple system of three B's –Body covering; Breathing and Babies, ask the pupils to identify the three B's for each vertebrate group. For example: mammal – body covering is hair; breathing through lungs; give birth to live young.
- Learn to recognise the characters for bear, cat, small, big and the word for giant panda which means big bear cat.

Beyond the
Panda 熊猫后续



xióng

熊

bear

Beyond the
Panda 熊猫后续



māo

猫

cat

Beyond the
Panda 熊猫后续

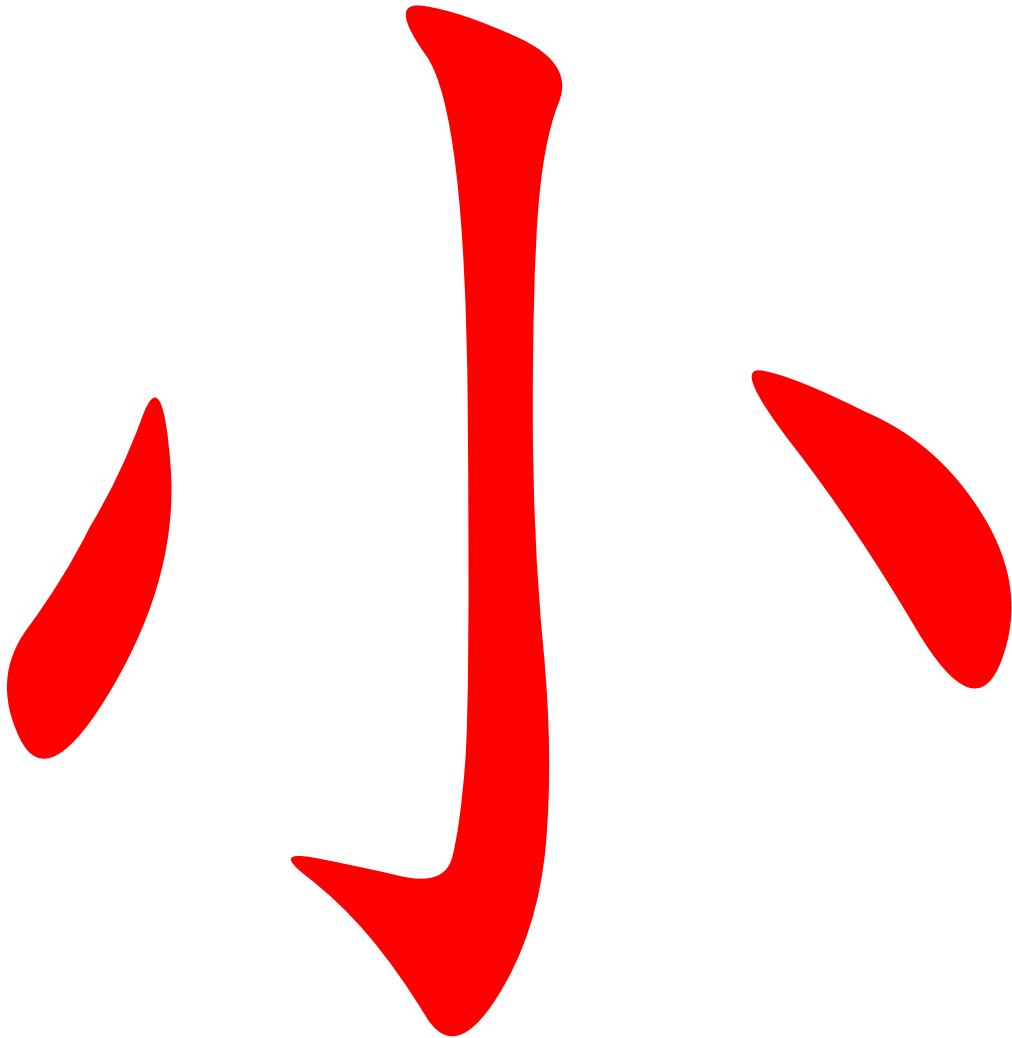


dà

大

big

xiǎo



small

Beyond the
Panda 熊猫后续



dà xióng māo

大 熊 猫

giant panda – big bear cat

Beyond the Panda 熊猫后续



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The Chinese name for the giant panda means big bear cat and the Chinese name for the red panda means small bear cat. Choose the two characters that mean big and small.

小 竹 大 木

Answer: big - 大 small - 小